



Waterloo Region District School Board

Queensmount Senior Public School School Report 2017-2018



INTRODUCTION TO THE MDI

About this year's Safe Caring and Inclusive School Survey

In 2017-2018 the WRDSB used the Middle Years Development Instrument (MDI) as our Safe Caring and Inclusive School (SCIS) survey. The MDI is a self-report questionnaire that asks children in Grade 4 through 12 about their thoughts, feelings and experiences in school and in the community.

The MDI uses a strengths-based approach to assess five areas of development that are strongly linked to well-being, health and academic achievement. In addition, it focuses on highlighting the protective factors and assets that are known to support and optimize development in middle childhood. These areas are: Social and Emotional Development, Physical Health and Well-being, Connectedness, Use of After School Time and School Experiences. Each of these dimensions is made up of several measures. Each measure is made up of one or more individual questions. The list below illustrates the relationship between the MDI dimensions, measures and questions.

Why are the middle years important?

Experiences in the middle years have critical and long lasting effects. They are powerful predictors of adolescent adjustment and future success. During this time children experience significant cognitive, social and emotional changes that establish their lifelong identity and set the stage for adolescence and adulthood.

The overall health and well-being of your students affects their ability to concentrate and learn, develop and maintain friendships, and make thoughtful decisions. It is important for educators to understand and have information on how their students are doing at this stage of their development.

5 DIMENSIONS OF THE MDI



SOCIAL & EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT **Measures**

Optimism Empathy Prosocial Behaviour Self-Esteem Happiness Absence of Sadness Absense of Worries Self-Regulation (Short-Term) Self-Regulation (Long-Term) *Responsible Decision-Making *Perseverance *Assertiveness *Citizenship/Social Responsibility *Self-Awareness **Grade 7 Only* or

	PHYSICAL HEALTH AND WELL-BEING Measures				
	General Health Eating Breakfast	Meals with Adults at Home Frequency of Good Sleep	Body Image		
Mary	CONNECTEDNESS Measures				
	Adults at School Adults in the Neighbourhood	Adults at Home Peer Belonging	Friendship Intimacy Important Adults		
e	USE OF AFTER-SCHOOL TIME Measures				
	Organized Activities Educational Lessons or Activities Youth Organizations	Sports Music or Arts How Children Spend their Time	After-school People/Places Children's Wishes and Barriers		
	SCHOOL EXPERIENCES Measures				
	Academic Self-Concept School Climate	School Belonging Motivation	Future Goals Victimization and Bullying		

ABOUT THE DATA

This report includes data reported by children in your school who participated in the MDI. It provides data for your school and includes comparisons to WRDSB averages.

Considerations when reviewing MDI data in this report:

- The data in this report focus on children's self-reported well-being. Most of the data are represented by 3 categories of Well-Being: High, Medium and Low.
- The data in this report have been rounded. Percentage totals for MDI measures may not equal 100
- Many questions on the MDI allow students to provide multiple responses. Percentage totals for these questions will often exceed 100
- Where schools contain fewer than 5 children, the results are suppressed to ensure that individual children cannot be identified.



High Well-Being (Thriving) Children who are reporting positive responses



Medium to High Well-Being Children who are reporting neither positive nor negative responses.



Low Well-Being Children who are reporting negative responses.



2017/2018 RESULTS FOR Queensmount Senior Public School

DEMOGRAPHICS FOR YOUR SCHOOL

School Population Breakdown

Total School Sample		318	WRDSB Total	Sample	16291
Gender Identity					
Girl	54%	Boy	44%	In another way	2%
Grade					
Grade 7	41%	Grade 8	56%	Grade 9	2%
Grade 10	0%	Grade 11	0%	Grade 12	1%
Languages Spoke	en at Home	00/	Chinese		0.6%
Indigenous		0%			0.6%
English		72%	French		2.5%
Belarusian		0%	Bulgarian		0%
Arabic		6.9%	Czech		0%
Polish		0.3%	Portugese		0.3%
Punjabi		2.2%	Romanian		1.9%
Russian		0%	Serbian		2.2%
Slovak		0%	Spanish		4.7%
Tamil		1.3%	Turkish		1.6%
Ukranian		0%	Urdu		4.1%
Vietnamese		2.5%	Other		18.9%

School Total Sample: Refers to the total number (#) of children represented in this report. Children are included in the school sample if they complete a question and the data are reported.

Gender Identity: Children are asked to describe themselves as "Boy," "Girl" or "In another way."

Languages at Home: Children are able to select more than one language spoken at home.

Indigenous Languages: If a child selects "Indigenous" as a language spoken in the home, they are then asked to identify, if possible, the specific language. Indigenous Language data are not publicly available.

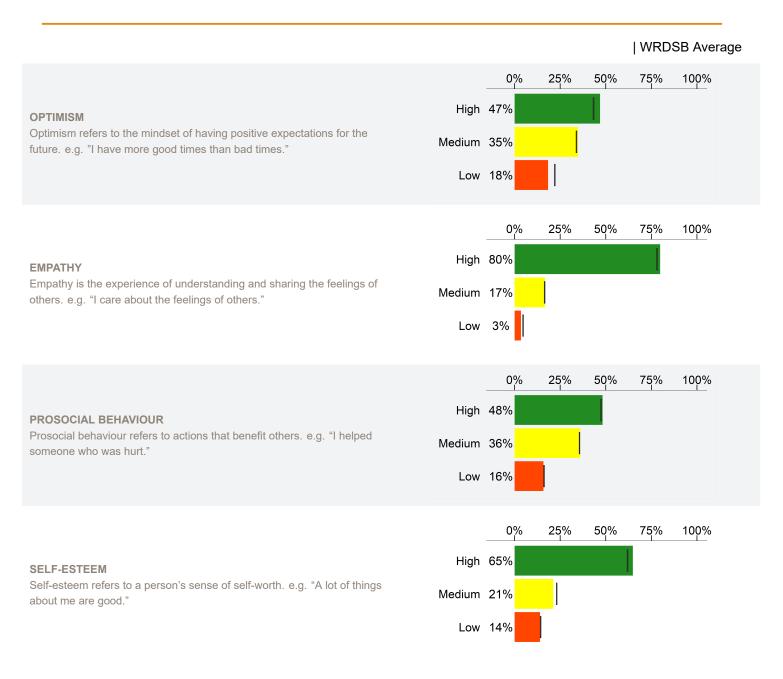
Other: A limited selection of languages are offered on the MDI questionnaire. The "Other" category gives children an opportunity to enter their own response(s).



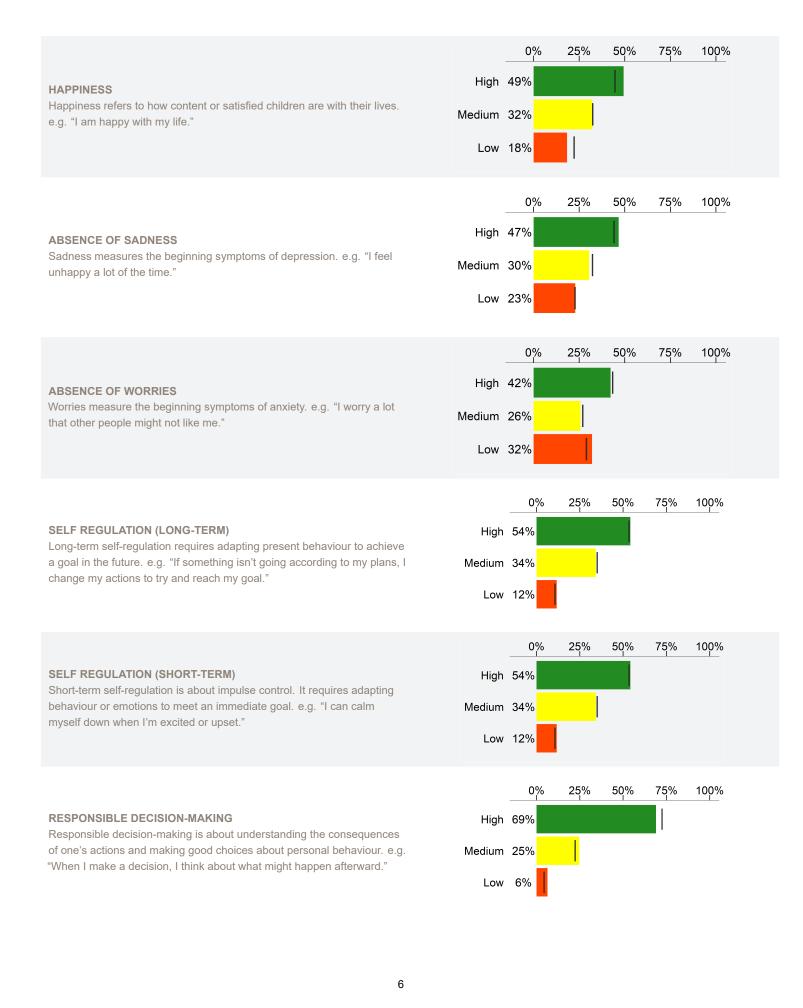
SOCIAL & EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

The development of social and emotional skills, including empathy, optimism and self-esteem, are important for supporting positive mental health during middle childhood and at all ages to follow. These skills help students understand and manage their emotions, build and maintain positive relationships, and regulate their own behaviour. Opportunities to develop social and emotional skills can be created in many supportive environments: at school with teachers and peers, in the home with elders, family or caregivers, and during after-school programs with community members.

Results for Queensmount Senior Public School



Queensmount Senior Public School





CITIZENSHIP AND SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

I believe I can make a difference in the world.

Disagree a lot15%Disagree a little10%Don't agree or disagree21%Agree a little28%Agree a lot26%

I try to make the world a better place.

Disagree a lot	5%
Disagree a little	6%
Don't agree or disagree	23%
Agree a little	34%
Agree a lot	31%

HAVE YO		ARE YOU C	URRENTLY	DO YOU PLAN 1	TO VOLUNTEER
VOLUNTE		VOLUNT	EERING?	IN THE F	TUTURE?
56%	44%	19%	81%	88%	12%
_{Yes}	No	_{Yes}	_{No}	Yes	No



PHYSICAL HEALTH & WELL-BEING

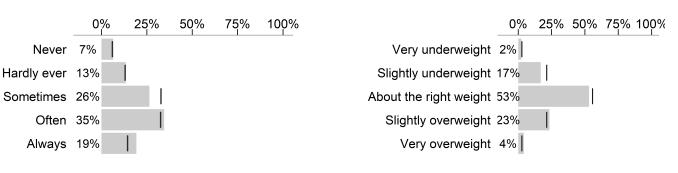
Promoting student's physical health and well-being in the middle years lays the foundation for a healthy life. Students who report feeling healthy are more likely to be engaged in school, have a feeling of connectedness with their teachers, and are less likely to be bullied or bully others. Students benefit from guidance and opportunities that support the development of healthy habits, which they can carry forward into adolescence and adulthood. These habits include regular physical activity, quality sleep and healthy, social meals.

Results for Queensmount Senior Public School



HOW OFTEN DO YOU LIKE THE WAY YOU LOOK?

HOW WOULD YOU RATE YOUR BODYWEIGHT?



WHAT TIME DO YOU USUALLY GO TO BED DURING THE WEEKDAYS?



HOW OFTEN DO YOU EAT FOOD LIKE POP, CANDY, POTATO CHIPS, OR SOMETHING ELSE?



48% Never - Once a week



2-4 times a week



23% 5+ times a week

Do you have a physical or health condition that keeps you from doing some things other kids your age do? For example, school activities, sports, or getting together with friends. (Children can select all of the options that apply.)

	Board Average	School
No health condition	79%	77%
Yes, a physical disability	2%	1%
Yes, a long-term illness	6%	7%
Yes, overweight	5%	6%
Yes, something else	8%	7%



CONNECTEDNESS

Strong and supportive social connections play an important role in children's healthy development. Close relationships and a sense of belonging with adults and peers at home, in school, and in the community, can promote positive mental health and minimize risks that may be present in children's lives.

Having one adult, such as a parent or auntie, an elder or a coach, who cares about them, listens to them and believes in them can make a powerful difference in a child's life. For children, connectedness to extended family, community, as well as land, language, and culture also play an important role in encouraging a strong and healthy sense of identity.

Results for Queensmount Senior Public School

CONNECTEDNESS WITH ADULTS 0% 25% 100% 50% 75% High 56% **ADULTS AT SCHOOL** Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they Medium 31% interact with at school. e.g. "At my school there is an adult who believes I will be a success." Low 13% 0% 25% 50% 75% 100% High 41% ADULTS IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with in their neighbourhood or community. e.g. "In my Medium 30% neighbourhood/community there is an adult who really cares about me." Low 28% 0% 25% 50% 75% 100% High 80% ADULTS AT HOME Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults in their home. e.g. "In my home there is a parent or other adult who listens to me Medium 16% when I have something to say." Low 4%

NUMBER OF IMPORTANT ADULTS AT SCHOOL

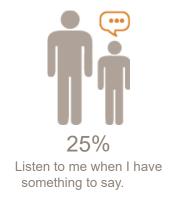


IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE ADULTS WHO

(Percentage of children who responded "very much true")







WHAT MAKES AN ADULT IMPORTANT TO YOU?

(Children can select all the options that apply)

Question	At School	At Home	At School (Board)	At Home (Board)
This person teaches me how to do things that I don't know.	62%	63%	60%	64%
I can share personal things and private feelings with this person.	25%	66%	27%	66%
This person likes me the way I am.	43%	72%	44%	72%
This person encourages me to pursue my goals and future plans.	52%	66%	55%	73%
I get to do a lot of fun things with this person or because of this person.	31%	63%	30%	65%
The person is like who I want to be when I am an adult.	20%	42%	22%	44%
The person is always fair to me and others.	42%	54%	50%	58%
The person stands up for me and others when we need it.	31%	57%	29%	59%
The person lets me make decisions for myself.	40%	58%	43%	65%

CONNECTEDNESS WITH PEERS

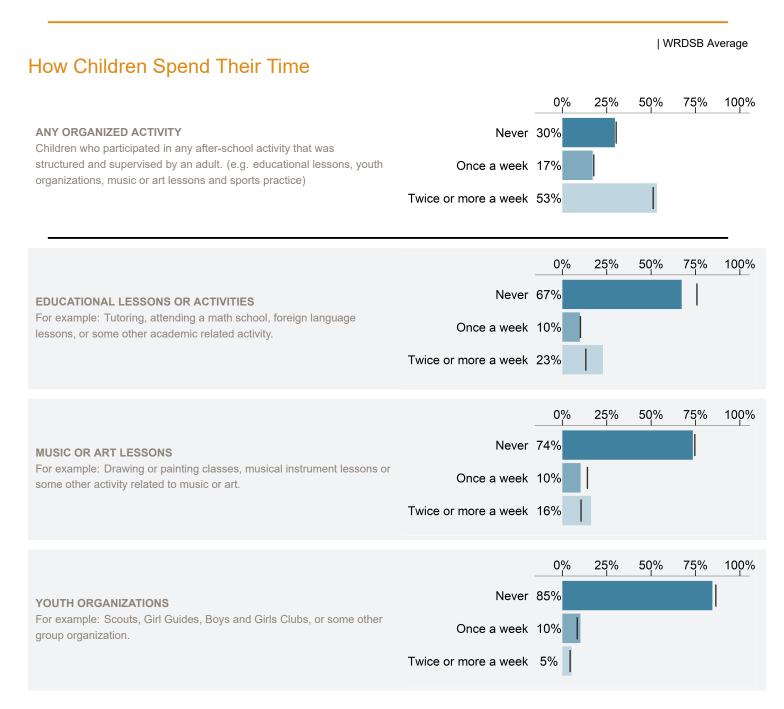
PEER BELONGING Measures children's feelings of belonging to a social group. e.g. "When I am with other kids my age, I feel I belong." Medium 24% Low 14% FRIENDSHIP INTIMACY Assesses the quality of relationships children have with their peers. e.g. '' have a friend I can tell everything to." Medium 13% Low 9%		0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
am with other kids my age, I feel I belong." Medium 24% Low 14% High 78% High 78% Medium 13%	PEER BELONGING	High 62%
FRIENDSHIP INTIMACY Assesses the quality of relationships children have with their peers. e.g. "I have a friend I can tell everything to."		Medium 24%
FRIENDSHIP INTIMACY High 78% Assesses the quality of relationships children have with their peers. e.g. Medium 13% "I have a friend I can tell everything to." Image: Comparison of the peers of the person of the peers of t		Low 14%
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"I have a friend I can tell everything to."	FRIENDSHIP INTIMACY	High 78%
		Medium 13%
		Low 9%

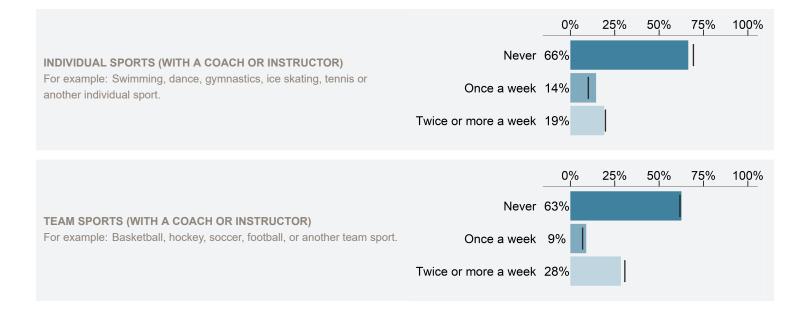


USE OF AFTER-SCHOOL TIME

Participation in activities after school provides important developmental experiences for children in their middle years. These activities create a variety of opportunities for children to build relationship skills and gain competencies. Research has consistently found that children who are engaged in after-school activities are more likely to experience greater academic and social success.

Results for Queensmount Senior Public School



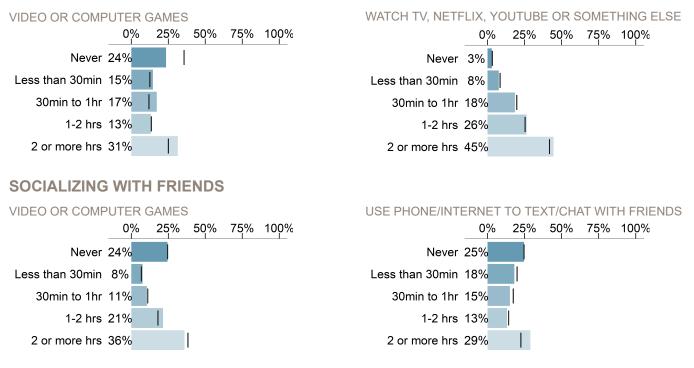


AFTER SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

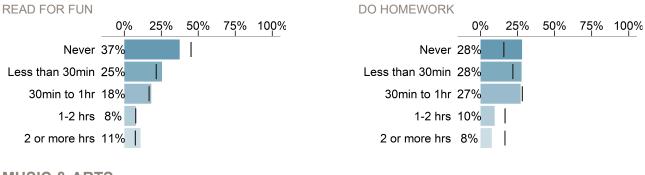
Children were asked how they spend their time during the after-school hours of 3pm-6pm:

Percentage of children who reported:

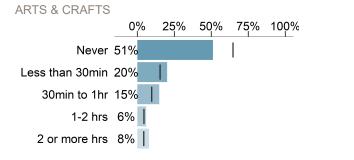
TV & COMPUTER USE

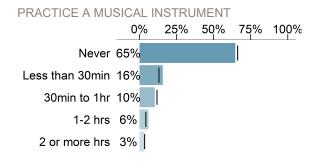


READING & HOMEWORK



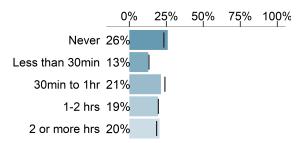
MUSIC & ARTS



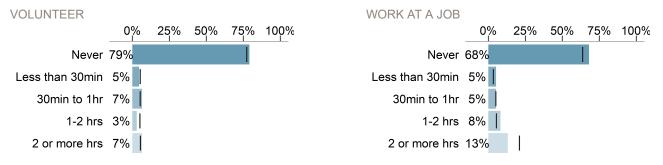


SPORTS

PLAY SPORTS OR EXERCISE FOR FUN



WORKING & VOLUNTEERING



WHAT CHILDREN WISH TO BE DOING



Children were asked what they want to be doing during the after-school hours of 3pm-6pm:

I am already doing the activities I want to be doing Board: 68%, School: 70%

I wish I could do additional activities Board: 29%, School: 26%

PERCEIVED BARRIERS TO PARTICIPATING IN DESIRED AFTERSCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Children were asked what prevents them from doing the activities they wish to be doing after school (3pm- 6pm):



(Number of Students)

I have no barriers	138
I have to go straight home after school	70
I am too busy	34
It costs too much	32
The schedule does not fit the times I can attend	41
My parents do not approve	30
l don't know what's available	26
I need to take care of siblings or do things at home	36
It is too difficult to get there	25
None of my friends are interested or want to go	41
The activity that I want is not offered	30
I have too much homework to do	17
I am afraid I will not be good enough in that activity	35
It is not safe for me to go	7
Other	24

AFTER-SCHOOL PEOPLE AND PLACES

WHERE DO YOU GO AFTER SCHOOL? (FROM 3PM-6PM)

Question	Never	1x/week	2x/week
After-school program or child care	82%	5%	13%
Friend's house	39%	26%	34%
Home	1%	2%	97%
Park/playground/community centre	41%	23%	36%
Someplace else	40%	32%	28%
Stay at school for an activity	73%	9%	18%
The mall or stores	52%	31%	16%

WHO ARE YOU WITH AFTER SCHOOL? (FROM 3PM-6PM)

(Children can select all of the options that apply)

By myself	34%
Friends about my age	45%
Younger brothers/sisters	32%
Older brothers/sisters	30%
Mother (or stepmother/foster mother)	54%
Father (or stepfather/foster father)	44%
Other adult (such as grandparent, aunt or uncle, coach, babysitter)	9%
Other	0%



IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE SAFE PLACES WHERE YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE HANGING OUT WITH FRIENDS:

82%	5%	13%
Yes	No	Don't know

IN YOUR NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY THERE ARE PLACES THAT PROVIDE PROGRAMS FOR KIDS YOUR AGE:

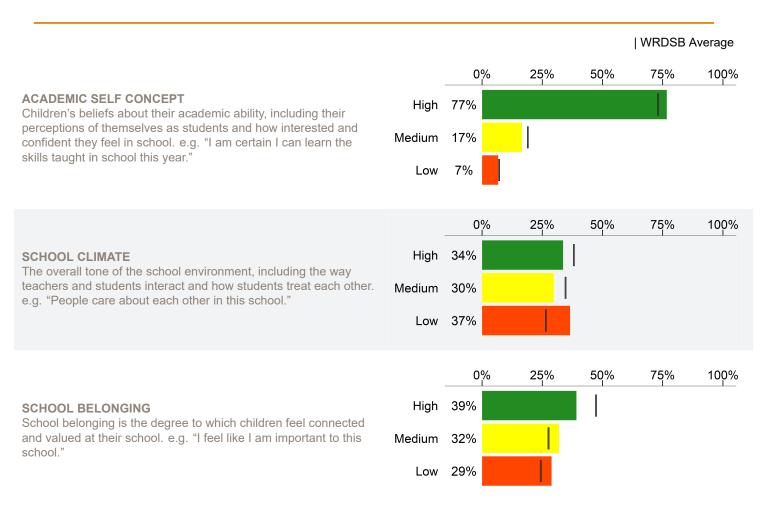
60%	9%	30%
Yes	No	Don't know



SCHOOL EXPERIENCES

Children's school experiences are important for their personal well-being and academic success. When children have positive experiences at school they are more likely to believe they have a valued role in the school, feel more engaged in class and achieve higher academic performance. Understanding children's school experiences improves our ability to cultivate school environments that are safe, caring, and supportive.

Results for Queensmount Senior Public School



In your school, children feel it is **very important** to:



Percentage of children who agree a little or agree a lot that:

When I grow up, I have goals and plans for the future.



80%

important things to do in the future.

85%



I plan to graduate from high school.

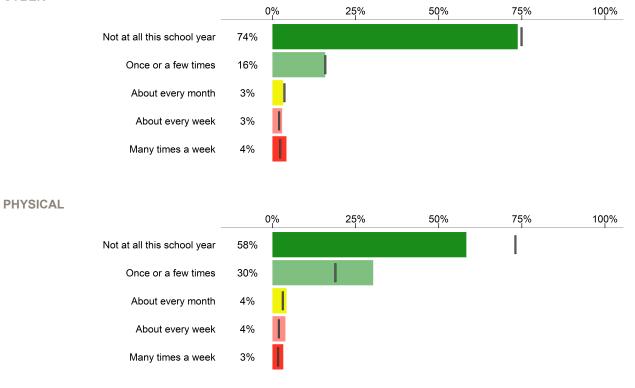


I plan to graduate from college, university, or some other training after high school.

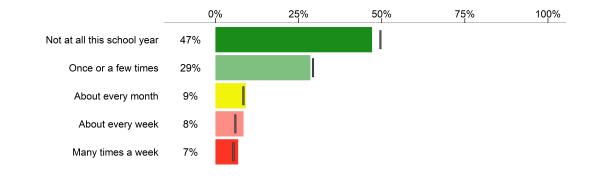


VICTIMIZATION AND BULLYING AT SCHOOL

Children are asked: 'During this school year, how often have you been bullied by other students in the following ways?': **CYBER**



SOCIAL



VERBAL

-	0	%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Not at all this school year	40%					
Once or a few times	28%					
About every month	11%					
About every week	11%					
Many times a week	11%					



WELL-BEING & ASSETS INDICES

Combining select measures from the MDI helps us paint a fuller picture of children's overall well-being and the assets that contribute to their healthy development. The results for key MDI measures are summarized by two indices. This section of the report focuses on results for the Well-Being Index and the Assets Index.

	A measure in the Well-B	eing Index	A measure in	the Assets Index			
	5 DIMENSIONS OF THE MDI						
	SOCIAL & EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT Measures						
·	Optimism Empathy Prosocial Behaviour Self-Esteem Happiness	Absence of Sadnes Absense of Worries Self-Regulation (Sh Self-Regulation (Lo *Responsible Decis	s nort-Term) ong-Term)	[*] Perseverance [*] Assertiveness [*] Citizenship/Social Responsibility [*] Self-Awareness [*] <i>Grade 7 only</i>			
	PHYSICAL HEALTH AND WELL-BEING Measures						
	General Health Eating Breakfast	Meals with Adults a Frequency of Good		Body Image			
(10 mg	CONNECTEDNESS Measures						
	Adults at School Adults in the Neighbourhood	Adults at Home Peer Belonging		Friendship Intimacy Important Adults			
ø	USE OF AFTER-SCHOOL TIME Measures						
	 Organized Activities Educational Lessons or Activities Youth Organizations 	 Sports Music or Arts How Children Sper 		After-school People/Places Children's Wishes and Barriers			
	SCHOOL EXPERIENCES Measures						
	Academic Self-Concept School Climate	School Belonging Motivation		Future Goals Victimization and Bullying			

WELL-BEING INDEX

The Well-Being Index consists of measures relating to children's physical health and social and emotional development that are of importance during the middle years: Optimism, Happiness, Self-Esteem, Absence of Sadness and General Health.

Scores from these five measures are combined and reported by three categories of well-being, providing a holistic summary of children's mental and physical health.



High Well-Being (Thriving) Children who are reporting positive responses.

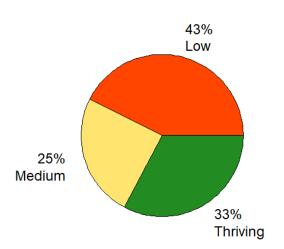


Medium to High Well-Being Children who are reporting neither positive nor negative responses.

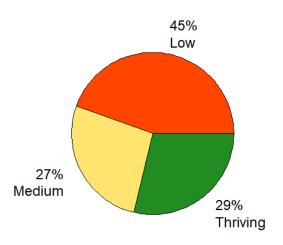


Low Well-Being Children who are reporting negative responses.

Queensmount Senior Public School 318 Students



WRDSB 16291 Students



ASSET INDEX

The Assets Index combines MDI measures that highlight four key assets that help to promote children's positive development and well-being. Assets are positive experiences, relationships or behaviours present in children's lives. Assets are considered actionable, meaning that schools and communities can focus their efforts in these areas to create the conditions and contexts where children can thrive.

Note: School Experiences are also considered to be an asset that contributes to childrens' well-being; however, this asset is not reported as part of the Assets Index to prevent the ranking of individual schools or districts. Please refer to the School Climate and Bullying and Victimization measures for data related to this asset.



ASSETS INDEX Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset

